



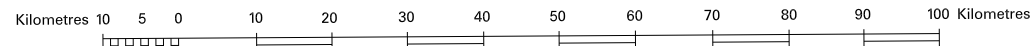
असम ASSAM



भारतीय सर्वेक्षण विभाग SURVEY OF INDIA

1st Edition 2013. Price : Fifty Five Rupees.

Scale 1:10,00,000
1 Centimetre = 10 Kilometres

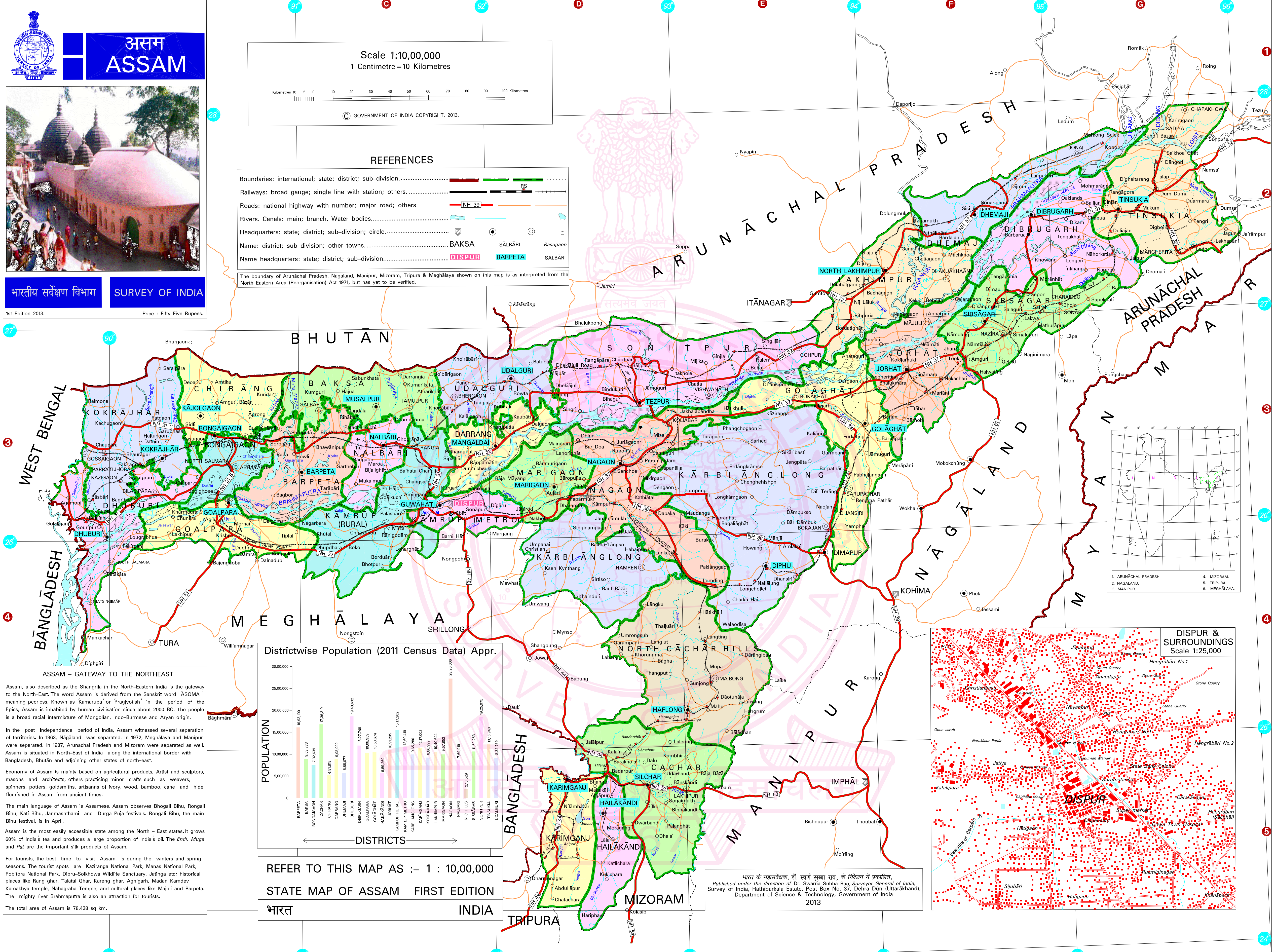


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REFERENCES

- Boundaries: international; state; district; sub-division.....
- Railways: broad gauge; single line with station; others.....
- Roads: national highway with number; major road; others.....
- Rivers, Canals: main; branch. Water bodies.....
- Headquarters: state; district; sub-division; circle.....
- Name: district; sub-division; other towns.....
- Name headquarters: state; district; sub-division.....

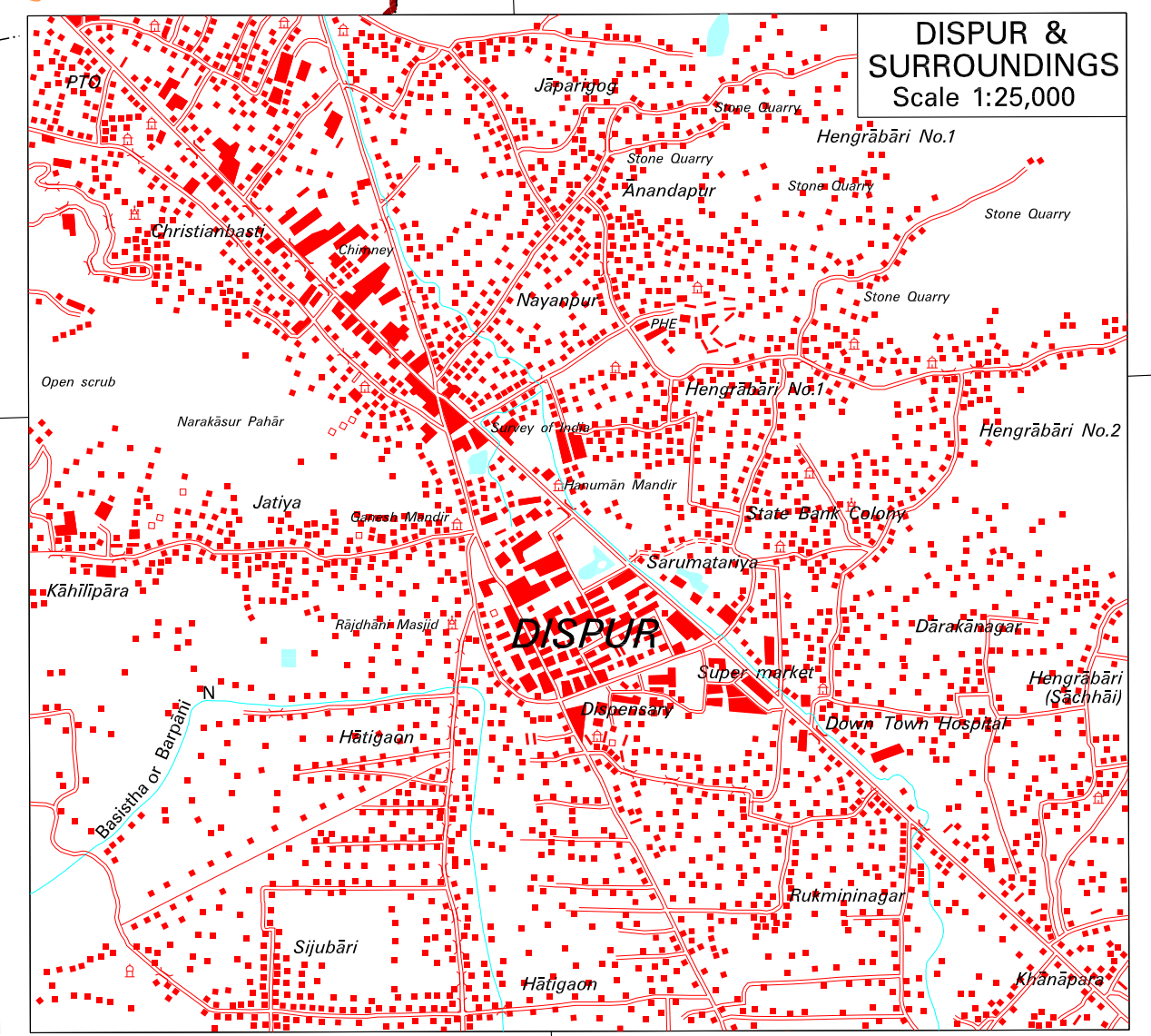
The boundary of Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram, Tripura & Meghalaya shown on this map is as interpreted from the North Eastern Area (Reorganisation) Act 1971, but has yet to be verified.



Districtwise Population (2011 Census Data) Appr.



REFER TO THIS MAP AS :- 1 : 10,00,000
STATE MAP OF ASSAM FIRST EDITION
भारत INDIA



ASSAM - GATEWAY TO THE NORTHEAST

Assam, also described as the Shangri-la in the North-Eastern India is the gateway to the North-East. The word Assam is derived from the Sanskrit word 'ASOMA' meaning peerless. Known as 'Kamrupa' or 'Pragjyotish' in the period of the Epics, Assam is inhabited by human civilisation since about 2000 BC. The people is a broad racial intermixture of Mongolian, Indo-Burmese and Aryan origin.

In the post Independence period of India, Assam witnessed several separation of territories. In 1963, Nagaland was separated. In 1972, Meghalaya and Manipur were separated. In 1987, Arunachal Pradesh and Mizoram were separated as well. Assam is situated in North-East of India along the international border with Bangladesh, Bhutan and adjoining other states of north-east.

Economy of Assam is mainly based on agricultural products. Artist and sculptors, masons and architects, others practicing minor crafts such as weavers, spinners, potters, goldsmiths, artisans of ivory, wood, bamboo, cane and hide flourished in Assam from ancient times.

The main language of Assam is Assamese. Assam observes Bhogali Bihu, Rongali Bihu, Kati Bihu, Jannashthami and Durga Puja festivals. Rongali Bihu, the main Bihu festival, is in April.

Assam is the most easily accessible state among the North - East states. It grows 60% of India's tea and produces a large proportion of India's oil. The *Endi*, *Muga* and *Pat* are the important silk products of Assam.

For tourists, the best time to visit Assam is during the winters and spring seasons. The tourist spots are Kaziranga National Park, Manas National Park, Pobitora National Park, Dibru-Solkhola Wildlife Sanctuary, Jatinga etc; historical places like Rang ghar, Talatal Ghar, Kareng ghar, Agnigarh, Madan Kamdev Kamakhya temple, Nabagraha Temple, and cultural places like Majuli and Barpeta. The mighty river Brahmaputra is also an attraction for tourists.

The total area of Assam is 78,438 sq km.

भारत के महासर्वेक्षक, डॉ. स्वर्ण सुब्बा राव, के निदेशन में प्रकाशित,
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